#### We claim:

- 1. A system, comprising:
- a detector to detect a voltage stored in an ultracapacitor; and
  an extractor to extract energy from the ultracapacitor when the voltage falls below
  a predetermined value.
- 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the predetermined value is based on an operating voltage of a load driven by the ultracapacitor.
- 3. The system of claim 1, wherein the extractor includes a linear regulator to increase voltage output from the ultracapacitor to at least equal the predetermined value.
- 4. The system of claim 3, further comprising:

  a controller to monitor a change in the increased voltage,

  wherein the linear regulator adjusts the changed voltage when the monitored voltage falls below the predetermined value.
  - 5. The system of claim 4, wherein the linear regulator comprises:
- a first amplifier to amplify the voltage output from the ultracapacitor to a value which at least equals the predetermined value, wherein the controller generates signals to modify

resistance along a feedback path of the first amplifier to amplify the output voltage.

- 6. The system of claim 5, wherein the linear regulator comprises:

  a second amplifier to adjust impedance of the amplified voltage output from the first amplifier.
- 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the extractor includes a switched capacitor voltage converter to increase voltage output from the ultracapacitor to at least equal the predetermined value.
- 8. The system of claim 7, wherein the switched capacitor voltage converter includes a voltage doubler.
- 9. The system of claim 7, further comprising:

  a controller to monitor a change in the increased voltage; and

  a voltage regulator to adjust the changed voltage to maintain the predetermined value.
- 10. The system of claim 1, wherein the extractor includes an adiabatic amplifier to amplify voltage output from the ultracapacitor by a predetermined factor.

11. The system of claim 10, further comprising: a controller to monitor a change in the amplified voltage; and a voltage regulator to adjust the changed voltage to maintain the predetermined value.

The system of claim 10, wherein the adiabatic amplifier includes: at least one transmission gate having an input terminal coupled to the ultracapacitor and an output terminal to output the amplified voltage.

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- 13. The system of claim 1, wherein the extractor is a DC-to-DC boost converter.
- A method, comprising: 14. detecting a voltage stored in an ultracapacitor; and extracting energy from the ultracapacitor when the voltage falls below a predetermined value.
- The method of claim 14, wherein the predetermined value is based on an 15. operating voltage of a load driven by the ultracapacitor voltage.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein extracting energy includes:

increasing voltage output from the ultracapacitor to a value which at least equals the operating voltage of the load; and driving the load with the increased voltage.

- 17. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

  detecting a reduction in the increased voltage over time; and
  adjusting the reduced voltage to maintain at least the load operating voltage.
- 18. The method of claim 14, wherein increasing the voltage is performed by a circuit which includes a linear regulator.
- 19. The method of claim 14, wherein increasing the voltage is performed by a circuit which includes a switched capacitor voltage converter.
- 20. The method of claim 14, wherein increasing the voltage is performed by a circuit which includes an adiabatic amplifier.
- 21. The method of claim 14, wherein increasing the voltage is performed by a circuit which includes a DC-to-DC boost converter.

### 22. A method, comprising:

detecting a voltage stored in an ultracapacitor coupled to a load;

connecting an energy extraction circuit between the ultracapacitor and load when the voltage falls below an operating voltage of the load; and

increasing the voltage to at least the operating voltage of the load using the energy extraction circuit.

# 23. The method of claim 22, further comprising: detecting a reduction in the increased voltage over time; and

adjusting the reduced voltage to maintain at least the operating voltage of the load.

## 24. The method of claim 22, further comprising:

disconnecting the energy extraction circuit from at least one of the ultracapacitor and load when the increased voltage falls below an operating voltage of the energy extraction circuit.

## 25. A system, comprising:

a load;

an ultracapacitor storing a voltage to drive the load; and

an extractor to extract energy from the ultracapacitor when the voltage falls below a predetermined value.

- 26. The system of claim 25, wherein the predetermined value is based on an operating voltage of the load.
- 27. The system of claim 25, wherein the load is at least one of a power supply, processor, cache, chipset, and a memory.
- 28. The system of claim 25, wherein the load, ultracapacitor, and extractor are included on a single die.